

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Rules and Regulations

Issue date: 09/18/2020 Version: 1.10

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Product name : WELD-ON® 28 3-Component Acrylic Adhesive

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Adhesives, sealants

Restrictions on use : No additional information available

1.3. Supplier

Manufacturer IPS Corporation 17109 South Main Street Gardena, CA 90248-3127 - USA

T 310-898-3300 www.ipscorp.com **Supplier** IPS Adhesives 600 Ellis Road

Durham, NC 27703 - USA

T 1-919-598-2400

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTEL 800-255-3924 / +1 813-248-0585 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification

Flammable liquids, Category 2 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1A Skin sensitisation, Category 1 Carcinogenicity, Category 2

Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

Full text of H statements : see section 16

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS)









Signal word (GHS) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements (GHS) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

04/15/2020 EN (English) Page 1

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P312 - Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label). P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish. P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Component	Name	Product identifier	%	GHS classification
A and C	Methyl methacrylate	(CAS-No.) 80-62-6	50 - 60	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
В	DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE	(CAS-No.) 94-36-0	0.5 - 1.5	Org. Perox. B, H241 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317
С	N,N-Dimethylaniline	(CAS-No.) 121-69-7	0.1 - 0.5	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

^{*}Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get

medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : If inhaled and if breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen if necessary. Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap and water. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing

and wash it before reuse. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical

advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : May damage fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

04/15/2020 EN (English) 2/12

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes severe skin burns.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.

Heavier than air, vapours may travel long distances along ground, ignite and flash back to source. Burning produces irritating, toxic and noxious fumes. Corrosive vapours. Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), Nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons, Acrid

and pungent, smoke.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed

containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

Reactivity : No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment. Fight fire remotely due

to the risk of explosion. Evacuate area.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Wear a self contained breathing apparatus. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Use

chemically protective clothing.

Other information : Approach from upwind.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No

smoking. Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Do not breathe aerosol. Do not breathe vapour. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do NOT taste or swallow. Do not touch spilled material.

Keep upwind. Keep container tightly closed. Wear personal protective equipment.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Refer to section 8.2.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Refer to section 8.2. Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or

streams. Contain the spilled material by bunding. Do not touch or walk on the spilled product.

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect

spillage. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

04/15/2020 EN (English) 3/12

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Precautions for safe handling

: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. No open flames. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not breathe aerosol. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Do not breathe vapours. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Wear personal protective equipment.

Hygiene measures

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond

container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting

equipment. Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible products : Strong oxidizers. Reducing agents. metals. Metallic powders.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

Storage temperature : 10 - 27 °C

Storage area : Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area. Store in a dark area.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)		
ACGIH	Local name	Methyl methacrylate
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	205 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	410 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; body weight eff; pulm edema. Notations: DSEN; A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	410 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	410 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm

N,N-Dimethylaniline (121-69	-7)	
ACGIH	Local name	Dimethylaniline
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	5 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	50 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	10 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: MeHb-emia. Notations: Skin; A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEIM
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³

04/15/2020 EN (English) 4/12

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

N,N-Dimethylaniline (121-69-7)			
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	5 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	50 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	10 ppm	
DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (94-	DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (94-36-0)		
ACGIH	Local name	Benzoyl peroxide	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & skin irr. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³	

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Avoid creating mist or spray. Avoid splashing. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety

showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Use engineering controls to keep exposures below the

OEL or DNEL. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Environmental exposure controls : Prevent contaminated water run-off. Prevent leakage or spillage.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection:

Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration. Butyl rubber gloves

Eye protection

Chemical goggles. face shield. Eye protection, including both chemical splash goggles and face shield, must be worn when possibility exists for eye contact due to spraying liquid or airborne particles

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Approved organic vapour respirator. Appropriate dust or mist respirator should be used if airborne particles are generated when handling this material. In confined space use self-contained breathing apparatus

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Clear.

Colour : No data available

Odour : pungent

Odour threshold : No data available pH : No data available Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : No data available Flash point : No data available Flash point : No data available

04/15/2020 EN (English) 5/12

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Vapour pressure : No data available Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available : No data available Solubility Log Pow : No data available Auto-ignition temperature No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available : No data available Viscosity, kinematic Viscosity, dynamic : No data available **Explosive limits** : No data available : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidising properties

9.2. Other information

VOC content : $\leq 50 \text{ g/l}$

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization may occur if exposed to high temperature.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers. Reducing agents. metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None under normal use.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)		
LD50 oral rat	7900 – 9400 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	
ATE (oral)	7900 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE (dust,mist)	29.8 mg/l/4h	

N,N-Dimethylaniline (121-69-7)		
ATE (oral)	100 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE (dermal)	300 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE (gases)	700 ppmv/4h	
ATE (vapours)	3 mg/l/4h	
ATE (dust.mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h	

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (94-36-0)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns.

04/15/2020 EN (English) 6/12

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Serious eye damage/irritation : Assumed to cause serious eye damage Respiratory or skin sensitisation : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)

IARC group 3 - Not classifiable

N,N-Dimethylaniline (121-69-7)

IARC group 3 - Not classifiable

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (94-36-0)

IARC group 3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

STOT-single exposure : May cause respiratory irritation.

Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)

STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified
Aspiration hazard : Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Likely routes of exposure : Inhalation. Skin and eye contact.

Symptoms/effects : May damage fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes severe skin burns.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)		
LC50 fish 1	> 79 mg/l 96 h	
EC50 crustacea	69 mg/l 48 h	
N,N-Dimethylaniline (121-69-7)		
LC50 fish 1	33 mg/l 48 h Oryzias latipes	
2000 11011 1	30 mg. 10 m 3. jana mapas	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

WELD-ON® 28 3-Component Acrylic Adhesive		
Persistence and degradability	Not established.	
Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.	
BOD (% of ThOD)	94.3 % ThOD	
N,N-Dimethylaniline (121-69-7)		

Readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Persistence and degradability

WELD-ON® 28 3-Component Acrylic Adhesive		
Bioaccumulative potential Not established.		
Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)		
Log Pow	1.38	

N,N-Dimethylaniline (121-69-7)		
Log Pow	1.171 @ 35 °C	
Bioaccumulative potential	Does not biaccumulate significantly.	

04/15/2020 EN (English) 7/12

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

12.4. Mobility in soil

WELD-ON® 28 3-Component Acrylic Adhesive

Ecology - soil Not established.

12.5 Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Sewage disposal recommendations : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials · Hazardous waste

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN2920 CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Methacrylic acid, Methyl methacrylate),

8 (3), I

UN-No.(DOT) : UN2920

: CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. Proper Shipping Name (DOT)

Methacrylic acid, Methyl methacrylate

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Packing group (DOT) : I - Great Danger

Subsidiary risk (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive

3 - Flammable liquid





DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)

: 201 : 243

DOT Symbols

: G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: A6 - For combination packagings, if plastic inner packagings are used, they must be packed in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packagings.

B10 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks, and DOT 57 portable tanks are not authorized.

T14 - 6 6 mm Prohibited 178.275(g)(3).

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

TP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 0.5 L (49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 2.5 L

CFR 175.75)

04/15/2020 8/12 EN (English)

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : C - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 25 - Protected from sources of heat,40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 132

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 2920 CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Methacrylic acid, Methyl methacrylate),

8 (3), I

UN-No. (IMDG) : 2920

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.

Class (IMDG) : 8 - Corrosive substances

Packing group (IMDG) : I - Substances presenting high danger

Subsidiary risk (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 0

Air transport

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 2920 CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Methacrylic acid, Methyl methacrylate),

8 (3), I

UN-No. (IATA) : 2920

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.

Class (IATA) : 8 - Corrosives

Packing group (IATA) : I - Great Danger

Subsidiary hazards (IATA) : 3 - Flammable liquids

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a final TSCA section 4 test rule.		
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	
N,N-Dimethylaniline (121-69-7)		
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	TP - TP - indicates a substance that is the subject of a proposed TSCA section 4 test rule.	
CERCLA RQ 100 lb		
DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (94-36-0)		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

CANADA	
Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.	
N,N-Dimethylaniline (121-69-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.	
DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (94-36-0)	1

EU-Regulations

	Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)
-	Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

04/15/2020 EN (English) 9/12

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (94-36-0)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

National regulations

Methyl methacrylate (80-62-6)

Listed on the Chinese Catalog of Hazardous Chemicals.

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

N,N-Dimethylaniline (121-69-7)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Korea Designated Existing Substances List (First Batch).

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Chinese Catalog of Hazardous Chemicals.

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (94-36-0)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Korea Designated Existing Substances List (First Batch).

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Chinese Catalog of Hazardous Chemicals.

China List of Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management- SAWS

Not listed on Taiwain National Chemical Inventory.

15.3. US State regulations



This product can expose you to Ethyl acrylate, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	Carcinogenicity	Developmental toxicity	Reproductive toxicity male	Reproductive toxicity female	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Ethyl acrylate(140-88-5)	X				not determined	

Component	State or local regulations
Methyl methacrylate(80-62-6)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
N,N-Dimethylaniline(121-69-7)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE(94-36-0)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

04/15/2020 EN (English) 10/12

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Data sources

National Fire Protection Association. Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials; 10th edition. ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists). European Standards: Personal Protective Equipment; accessed at: http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/policies/european-standards/harmonised-standards/personal-protective-equipment/index_en.htm. OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard. Chemical Inspection & Regulation Service; accessed at: http://www.cirs-reach.com/Inventory/Global_Chemical_Inventories.html. Krister Forsberg and S.Z. Mansdorf, "Quick Selection Guide to Chemical Protective Clothing", Fifth Edition. European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Registered Substances list. Accessed at http://echa.europa.eu/. Manufacturer Information. European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) C&L Inventory database. Accessed at http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory. Accessed at

http://www.epa.gov/oppt/existingchemicals/pubs/tscainventory/howto.html.

Other information

: None.

Full text of H-statements:

text of 11 statements.	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H227	Combustible liquid
H241	Heating may cause a fire or explosion.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

	ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists)
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
	CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) number
	CLP: Classification, Labelling, Packaging.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals
	LD50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population
LC50	Median lethal concentration
	TWA: Time Weighted Average
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limits
	VOC

NFPA health hazard

: 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.

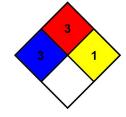
NFPA fire hazard

3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

temperature condition

NFPA reactivity

: 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



04/15/2020 EN (English) 11/12

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

04/15/2020 EN (English) 12/12